

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/676,319	09/29/2000	Emie F. Brickell	10559-329001/P9832	1992	
<sup>20985</sup> FISH & RICHA	7590 11/09/200 ARDSON, PC	7 .	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 1022		HENNING, MATTHEW T			
MINNEAPOLI	S, MN 55440-1022		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2131		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			11/09/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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Advisory Action							
Before	the Filing of an Appeal Brie	ef					

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
09/676,319	BRICKELL ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Matthew T. Henning	2131	

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Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Matthew T. Henning	2131				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence addi	ress			
THE REPLY FILED 21 August 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	THE REPLY FILED 21 August 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.					
<ol> <li>The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:</li> <li>a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of the final rejection.</li> </ol>						
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.  Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).						
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension a CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened stabove, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three month earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  NOTICE OF APPEAL	which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a and the corresponding amount of the fee. atutory period for reply originally set in the s after the mailing date of the final rejection	The appropriate extension final Office action; or (2) on, even if timely filed, may	n fee under 37 as set forth in (b) y reduce any			
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).  AMENDMENTS						
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because  (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);  (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);  (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for						
appeal; and/or  (d) They present additional claims without canceling a  NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a))	·	jected claims.				
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).  5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):						
<ol> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a         the non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>	·	. •	•			
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.  The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:  Claim(s) allowed: None.						
Claim(s) objected to: <u>62</u> .  Claim(s) rejected: <u>42-46,48-54,56,58-62 and 64-70</u> .  Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:	·	·				
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE  8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).						
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).						
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.  REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER						
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:  See Continuation Sheet.						
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)  13. Other:						

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Regarding applicants' argument that the bulk of Anderson has nothing to do with professional license status, the examiner points out that it is the specific embodiment of Anderson related to Fig. 26 and its corresponding text, which is related to Doctors, medical records, and prescriptions, which has been relied upon in making the rejection, and this particular embodiment does deal with professional license status.

Regarding applicants' argument that Demand Deposit account statements have nothing to do with professional license status information, the examiner again points out that it is the Doctor/Medical Record/Prescription embodiment of Anderson that has been relied upon in the rejection. And Anderson disclosed that the functions of this embodiment "are accomplished in a manner similar to that used for the electronic check". Accordingly, the examiner has pointed to the "demand deposit account statement" embodiments of Anderson, as Anderson has stated that the systems are accomplished in a similar manner.

Regarding applicants' argument that Saito has nothing to do with professional license status at all, the examiner points out that Saito is relied upon as teaching a method for verifying a digital certificate, while Anderson disclosed doctors digitally signing documents, such as prescriptions, and the document including a representation of a verifiable certificate and the public key of the signor. Anderson further states that the certificate, for example, may be used in the context of Doctors, such that a certifying authority can certify that the doctor is properly licensed. Anderson is silent on how to verify digital certificates, and as such the teachings of Saito are applicable to Anderson in order to do so.

Regarding applicants' argument that the examiner is inconsistent with regards to claims 67-69 in that the valid digital credential information is claimed as being "associated" with the first user, while the first user is claimed as receiving information indicative of use of the credential information by an invalid user, while in the examiner's interpretation of the prior art the first user is the invalid user and thus not associated with the credential information, the examiner does not find the argument persuasive. Simply because the digital credential information is not owned by the invalid first user does not mean the invalid first user is not associated with the credential information. Rather, the fact the invalid user has presented the credential information in itself associates the invalid user with the credential information, and as such the interpretation of the prior art is consistent.

As an RCE has already been filed with the application, applicants' representative is welcome to set up an interview with the examiner to discuss the rejection.

AYAZ SHEIKH
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TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2150